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July 9, 2015

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Subject: Proposed Addendum to the Soil Cleanup Goals

Defense Fuel Support Point Norwalk

15306 Norwalk Boulevard, Norwalk, California

(SCP NO. 0286A, Site ID NO. 16638)

Dear Mr. Cho:

On July 12, 2012, the LARWQCB approved soil cleanup goals for the former Defense Fuel Support Point (DFSP) Norwalk facility, located at 15306 Norwalk Boulevard, Norwalk, California. The approved cleanup goals included three ranges of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), specifically C4-C12, C8-C17, and C5-C25 (where C represents carbon and the following number represents the number of carbons present in the hydrocarbon molecule).

However, longer chain hydrocarbons (C25 and greater) were not included in the list of approved site cleanup goals. To address the full range of hydrocarbons present in site soils, the Department of Logistics Agency - Energy (DLA Energy) and The Source Group, Inc. (SGI) reviewed the protocol used to develop the cleanup goals for soil.

The cleanup goals were based on the application of the LARWQCB's 1996 Interim Site Assessment and Cleanup guidebook (Guidebook). The Guidebook specifies that the soil cleanup goals should be calculated by the same general formula used by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to calculate Soil Screening Levels (SSLs), as follows:

Soil cleanup goal = total attenuation factor x water quality standard

Table 4-1 of the Guidebook (Attachment A) includes maximum soil screening levels (SSL) for hydrocarbon compounds based on carbon range and depth to the underlying groundwater. As an example, at sites where the depth of the contamination is between 20

to 150 feet, the C13-C22 hydrocarbons is 1,000 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), whereas the longer chain hydrocarbons in the C23-C32 range, a SLS of 10,000 mg/kg is derived based on the greater attenuation rate for longer chain hydrocarbons. As the length of the hydrocarbon chains increases, the corresponding SSL also increases. Conversely, for a given hydrocarbon range, as the depth to groundwater decreases so does the SSL (e.g., for the C13-C22 carbon range, the SSL for depth to groundwater between 20 and 150 feet is 1,000 mg/kg whereas the SLS decreases to 100 mg/kg when the depth to groundwater is less than 20 feet.

You will recall that the cleanup level approved for the Norwalk site with the longest-chain TPH values (C5-C25) is comparable to the SSL values provided for carbon range C13-C22 in the Guidebook Table 4-1. However, no cleanup goals were provided for longer chain hydrocarbon ranges in the July 12, 2012 correspondence. Below is a summary of the cleanup goals provided in the July 12, 2012, correspondence:

July 12, 2012 Approved Soil Cleanup Goals	(feet below ground surface)										
Depth Below Ground Surface	0.5	5	10	15	20	25					
Depth to Groundwater	25.5	6	1								
Constituent	Proposed Soil Cleanup TPH Goal (mg/kg)										
TPH as Gasoline (C4-C12)	500	500	100	100	100	100					
TPH as JP-5 (C8-C17)	500	500	100	100	100	100					
TPH as Diesel (C5-C25)	1,000	1,000	100	100	100	100					

The July 12, 2012, LARWQCB Soil Cleanup goal table for TPH concentrations is proposed to reflect those levels provided in Table 4-1 of the RWQCB guidance as presented below.

Proposed Revised Soil Cleanup Goals	(feet below ground surface)										
Depth Below Ground Surface	0.5	5	10	15	20	25					
Depth to Groundwater	25.5	21	16	11	6	1					
Constituent	Proposed Soil Cleanup TPH Goal (mg/kg)										
Carbon Range C4-12	500	500	100	100	100	100					
Carbon Range C13-C22	1,000	1,000	100	100	100	100					
Carbon Range C23-C44	10,000	10,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000					

Carbon Ranges C4 to C12 concentrations will be determined with EPA Method 8260 analysis; Carbon Ranges C13 to C44 will be determined with EPA Method analysis.

The 2012 approved cleanup goals for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) will remain applicable to the site. For some VOCs, highlighted in red on the table included in Appendix B, laboratory techniques limit the achievable method detection limits, and therefore SGI/DLA propose that for these compounds the method detection limits values be considered acceptable as confirmation criteria.

DLA and SGI believe that this proposed cleanup goal addendum is consistent with site cleanup directives and the Guidebook, and we appreciate RWQCB's concurrence with this proposed addendum to allow for implementation of the soil remediation program underway

Mr. Paul Cho
LARWQCB
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at the site.

We appreciate the LARWQCB considering this request. If you have any questions, please call me at (562) 597-1055.

Sincerely,

Neil F. Irish, P.G. 5484 Principal Geologist The Source Group, Inc

Cc:

Mr. Nicolas Carros, DLA Energy File: DFSP Norwalk – 04-NDLA-007

Attachments: Attachment A - LARWQCB Interim Site Assessment and Cleanup

Guidebook Table 4-1

Attachment B - Table 1 - Comparison of Laboratory Detection Limits to

Soil Cleanup Goals – DFSP Norwalk

Attachment A

Table 4-1: Maximum Soil Screening Levels (mg/kg) for TPH, BTEX and MTBE above Drinking Water Aquifers

Т	Distance Above Groundwater	reening Levels (mg/kg) for	Carbon Rai							
Р		C4-C12	C13-C22	C23-C	32					
Н	>150 feet	1,000	10,000	50,000						
	20-150 feet	500	1,000	10,000	10,000					
	<20 feet	100	100	1,000						
	Distance Above		Litho	logy						
	Groundwater	Gravel	Sand	Silt	Clay					
	150 feet	B=0.044 T=2 E=8 X=23	B=0.077 T=4 E=17 X=48	B=0.165 T=9 E=34 X=93	B=0.8 T=43 E=170 X=465					
		MTBE = 0.039	MTBE = 0.078	MTBE = 0.156	MTBE = 0.78					
B T E X	120 feet	B=0.035 T=1.57 E=6.3 X=17.9 MTBE = 0.028	B=0.058 T=3.1 E=12.7 X=36 MTBE = 0.061	B=0.123 T=7 E=25.9 X=70.3 MTBE = 0.117	B=0.603 T=32 E=128 X=351 MTBE = 0.591					
\ \&	100 feet	B=0.028 T=1.3	B=0.046 T=2.57	B=0.094 T=5.4	B=0.471 T=25					
M T	100 1001	E=5.1 X=14.4 MTBE = 0.020	E=9.86 X=28 MTBE = 0.05	E=20.4 X=55.1 MTBE = 0.091	E=101 X=276 MTBE = 0.464					
B E	80 feet	B=0.022 T=1 E=4 X=11	B=0.033 T=2 E=7 X=20	B=0.066 T=4 E=15 X=40	B=0.34 T=18 E=73 X=200					
		MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.039	MTBE = 0.065	MTBE = 0.338 B=0.241					
	60 feet	B=0.018 T=0.72 E=2.9 X=7.9	B=0.026 T=1.4 E=4.9 X=13.9	B=0.048 T=2.8 E=10.7 X=28.4	T=13 E=52 X=141.5					
		MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.03	MTBE = 0.048	MTBE = 0.247					
	40 feet	B=0.015 T=0.43 E=1.8 X=4.8	B=0.018 T=0.87 E=2.8 X=7.8	B=0.029 T=1.6 E=6.3 X=16.9	B=0.143 T=7.5 E=30 X=83					
		MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.022	MTBE = 0.03	MTBE = 0.156					
	20 feet	B=0.011 T=0.15 E=0.7 X=1.75	B=0.011 T=0.3 E=0.7 X=1.75	B=0.011 T=0.45 E=2 X=5.3	B=0.044 T=2.3 E=9 X=24.5					
	TDII Total natva	MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.013	MTBE = 0.065					

[•] TPH = Total petroleum hydrocarbons.

[•] BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes, respectively. MTBE = methyl tertiary butyl ether.

Respective MCLs (ppm): B=0.001, T=0.15, E=0.7, X=1.75, MTBE=0.013.

BTEX screening concentrations determined per the attenuation factor method as described in RWQCB Guidance for VOC Impacted Sites (March 1996), with a natural degradation factor of 11 for BTEX and of 3 for MTBE. Table

- values can be linearly interpolated between distance above groundwater and are proportional to fraction of each lithological thickness.
- Values in Table 4-1 are for soils above drinking water aquifers. All groundwaters are considered as drinking water resources unless exempted by one of the criteria as defined under SWRCB Resolution 88-63 (TDS>3000 mg/L, or deliverability <200 gal/day, or existing contamination that cannot be reasonably treated). Regional Board staff will make a determination of potential water use at a particular site considering water quality objectives and beneficial uses. For non-drinking water aquifers, regardless of depth, TPH for ">150 feet" category in the table should be used.
- Distance above groundwater must be measured from the highest anticipated water level. Lithology is based on the USCS scale.
- In areas of naturally-occurring hydrocarbons, Regional Board staff will make determinations on TPH levels.

(revised 1/7/05)

ATTACHMENT B

TABLE 1 COMPARISON OF LABORATORY DETECTION LIMITS TO SOIL CLEANUP GOALS **DFSP Norwalk**

15306 Norwalk Boulevard, Norwalk, California

	(mg/kg)	3 tert-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	Benzene Benzene	Bromobenzene	(bg/kg)	Bromodichloromethane	Bromoform	Bromomethane	2-Butanone (MEK)	tert-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	sec-Butylbenzene	Sa) tert-Butylbenzene	n-Butylbenzene	Carbon Disulfide	Syl Carbon Tetrachloride	Chlorobenzene	(bay/sd) Chloroethane	Chloroform	Chloromethane	2-Chlorotoluene	4-Chlorotoluene	a) 1,2-Dibromo-3- (s) chloropropane	(mg/kg)	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)
STD Lab D/L	<0.050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0020	(mg/kg) <0.0050	<0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.050	(mg/kg) <0.020	(mg/kg) <0.0050	<0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	<0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	<0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050	<0.010	<0.0050	(mg/kg) <0.0050
July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 25.5 ft bgs)	0.994	NE NE	0.015	NE	NE	NE NE	NE	0.0015	0.557	0.001	2.59	2.07	2.18	0.049	NE	0.119	2.23	0.0000738	NE	0.558	0.547	0.00025	NE	0.00000305
July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 1.0 ft bgs)	1.60	NE	0.012	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.0010	0.661	0.0016	0.129	0.110	0.114	0.023	NE	0.013	2.83	0.0000	NE	0.039	0.038	0.0000352	NE	0.00000096
STD Lab D/L July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 25.5 ft bgs) July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 1.0 ft bgs)	(mg/kg) VE NE NE	NE NE	ME NE NE	NE NE	(mg/kgn) Dichlorodifluoromethane (B4.0) (R12) (B12)	NE NE	(EDC) (mg/kg) <0.0050 0.000106 0.0000692	BN Bichloroethylene	N	NE NE	NE NE	NE NE	(mg/kg) AN STS-Dichloropropane	BN (Sp. 1)-Dichloropropylene	NE Spichloropropylene	(mg/kg) NE NE	(mg/kg) <0.0050 0.449 0.212	(mg/kg) <0.0020 2.07 1.10	AN Ethyl-tert-Butyl Ether (6/67/86)	(mg/kg) NE	(MBK) (mg/kg) <0.050 0.0073	euseuseuseuseuseuseuseuseuseuseuseuseuse	(mg/kg) <0.0050 2.82 0.154	
	(MBK)	(a) Methylene Chloride	(MTBE)	(mg/kg)	mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	3 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	(b) (3/1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(B)	mg/kg)	(a) 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2- (c) trifluoroethane (R113)	(b)/ky/3-Trichlorobenzene	6 (w) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%) (%	(B) (1,1,1-Trichloroethane	(B) (S)/4/1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(mg/kg/ (mg/kg/ (c)	bay Trichlorofluoromethane (B/R11)	3 1,2,3-Trichloropropane	(a) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	(b) /k/k/ (3/5-Trimethylbenzene	(mg/kg)	o (mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	
STD Lab D/L	<0.050	<0.050	<0.0050	<0.010	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0020	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0050	<0.0020	<0.0020	
July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 25.5 ft bgs)	NE	0.000778	0.000907	0.270	2.18	0.463	NE NE	0.0023	NE NE	0.614	NE	0.0740	NE	NE	0.0032	0.0070	NE	0.000000874	2.10	2.06	NE	5.55	5.55	-
July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 1.0 ft bgs)	NE	0.000682	0.000686	0.012	0.114	0.030	NE	0.0002	NE	0.367	NE	0.0034	NE	NE	0.0008	0.0009	NE	0.000000123	0.120	0.118	NE	2.84	2.84	

Notes:

STD Lab D/L = standard laboratory detection limit.

July 12, 2012 CGs (DTW = 25.5 ft bgs) = cleanup goals approved by RWQCB; DTW = 25.2 ft bgs.

DTW = depth to water.

ft bgs = feet below ground surface.
mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram.
RWQCB = Regional Water Quality Control Board.
NE = cleanup goal not established.
Red Font = STD Lab D/L is greater than the approved RWQCB Cleanup Goal.